REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE ADAIR COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012



ADAM H. EDELEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS www.auditor.ky.gov

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE ADAIR COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2012

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the audit of the Adair County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

We have issued unqualified opinions, based on our audit on the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information financial statements of Adair County, Kentucky.

Financial Condition:

The fiscal court had total net assets of \$13,290,282 as of June 30, 2012. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$956,453 in its governmental activities as of June 30, 2012, with total net assets of \$13,228,886. In its business-type activities, total net cash and cash equivalents were \$58,031 with total net assets of \$61,396. The fiscal court had total debt principal as of June 30, 2012 of \$12,924,139 with \$570,767 due within the next year.

Report Comments:

2012-01	The Fiscal Court Should Prepare An Accurate Federal Monies Worksheet
2012-02	The Jailer Did Not Properly Maintain Accounting Records In the Manner Required By The State
	Local Finance Officer Policy Manual
2012-03	The Jailer Did Not Issue Pre-Numbered Receipts In Accordance With KRS 68.840
2012-04	The Fiscal Court Should Improve Internal Control Procedures Over Receipts And Disbursements

Deposits:

The fiscal court's deposits as of August 31, 2011 were exposed to custodial risk as follows:

• Uncollateralized and Uninsured \$123.542

The fiscal court's deposits were covered by FDIC insurance and a properly executed collateral security agreement, but the bank did not adequately collateralize the fiscal court's deposits in accordance with the security agreement.

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CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM



ADAM H. EDELEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Lori H. Flanery, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Ann Melton, Adair County Judge/Executive
Members of the Adair County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Adair County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Adair County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Adair County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Adair County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Adair County, Kentucky's basic financial statements as a whole. The combining fund financial statements and budgetary comparison information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The combining fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance



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with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The budgetary comparison information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated July 24, 2013 on our consideration of Adair County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying comments and recommendations included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

- 2012-01 The Fiscal Court Should Prepare An Accurate Federal Monies Worksheet
- 2012-02 The Jailer Did Not Properly Maintain Accounting Records In the Manner Required By The State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual
- 2012-03 The Jailer Did Not Issue Pre-Numbered Receipts In Accordance With KRS 68.840
- 2012-04 The Fiscal Court Should Improve Internal Control Procedures Over Receipts And Disbursements

Respectfully submitted,

Adam H. Edelen

Auditor of Public Accounts

July 24, 2013

ADAIR COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

Fiscal Court Members:

Ann Melton County Judge/Executive

Harold Burton Magistrate

Daryl Flatt Magistrate

Billy Rowe Magistrate

Perry Reeder Magistrate

Billy Coffey Magistrate

Joe Rogers Magistrate

Sammy Baker Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

Jennifer Hutchison-Corbin County Attorney

Rick Wilson Jailer

Sheila Blair County Clerk

Dennis Loy Circuit Court Clerk

Harrison Moss Sheriff

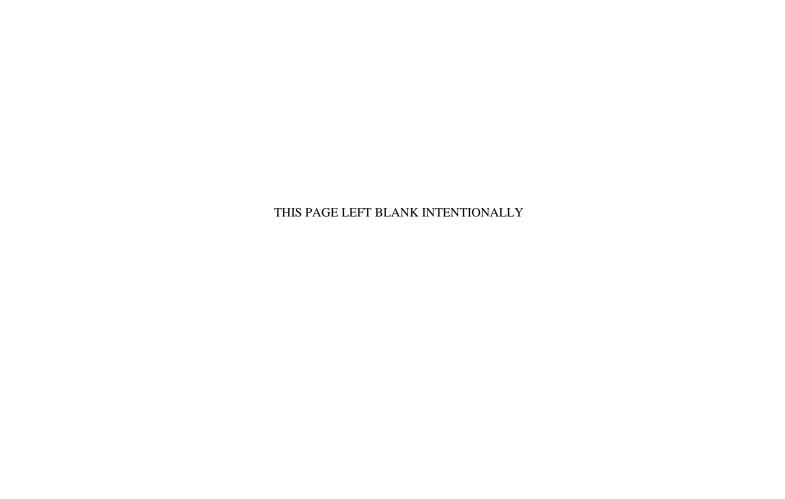
Willie Feese Jr. Property Valuation Administrator

Todd Akin Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Barry Corbin County Treasurer
Gale Cowan Finance Officer

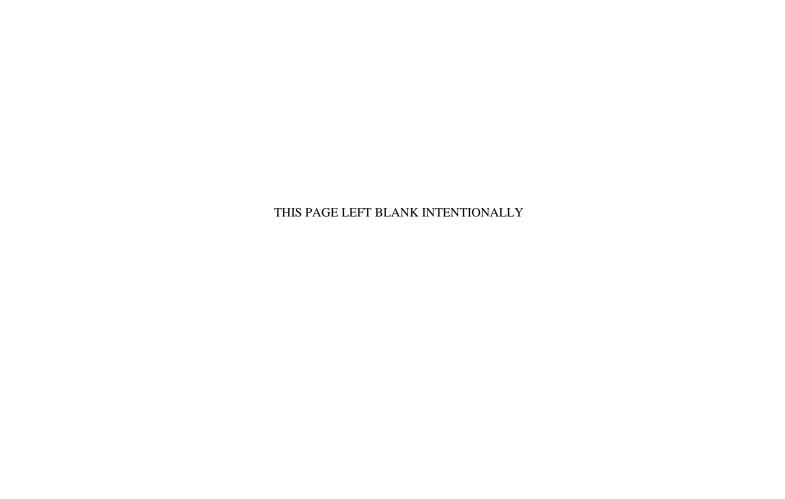
Jobe Darnell County Road Supervisor



ADAIR COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

ADAIR COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Primary Government					
	Governmental	Business-Type				
	Activities	Activities	Totals			
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,023,800	\$ 58,031	\$ 1,081,831			
Assets Held For Resale	235,148		235,148			
Total Current Assets	1,258,948	58,031	1,316,979			
Noncurrent Assets:						
Hospital Loan Receivable	1,700,000		1,700,000			
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation						
Land	2,136,845		2,136,845			
Buildings and Land Improvements	14,450,252		14,450,252			
Furniture and Other Equipment	113,884		113,884			
Vehicles and Equipment	678,073	3,365	681,438			
Infrastructure	5,815,023		5,815,023			
Total Noncurrent Assets	24,894,077	3,365	24,897,442			
Total Assets	26,153,025	61,396	26,214,421			
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Bonds Payable	518,009		518,009			
Financing Obligations Payable	52,758		52,758			
Total Current Liabilities	570,767		570,767			
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Bonds Payable	10,246,459		10,246,459			
Financing Obligations Payable	2,106,913		2,106,913			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	12,353,372		12,353,372			
Total Liabilities	12,924,139		12,924,139			
NET ASSETS						
Invested in Capital Assets,						
Net of Related Debt	10,269,938	3,365	10,273,303			
Restricted For:						
Capital Projects	245,871		245,871			
Debt Service	1,700,203		1,700,203			
Grant Projects	56,421		56,421			
Unrestricted	956,453	58,031	1,014,484			
Total Net Assets	\$ 13,228,886	\$ 61,396	\$ 13,290,282			



ADAIR COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

ADAIR COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

			Program Revenues Received						
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity		Expenses	harges for Services	G	Operating Frants and ntributions	Capital Grants and Contributions			
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$	1,897,531	\$ 972,491	\$	243,771	\$			
Protection to Persons and Property		1,658,476	699,828		199,988				
General Health and Sanitation		228,335	35,037		127,835				
Social Services		10,678			7,979				
Recreation and Culture		45,716							
Roads		1,479,289			1,929,470				
Airports		7,000			7,437				
Other Transportation Facilities		169,006							
Debt Service		479,620			13,023				
Total Governmental Activities		5,975,651	1,707,356		2,529,503				
Business-type Activities:									
Jail Canteen		211,445	222,615						
Total Business-type Activities		211,445	222,615						
Total Primary Government	\$	6,187,096	\$ 1,929,971	\$	2,529,503	\$ 0			

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Taxes:
Real Property Taxes
Personal Property Taxes
Motor Vehicle Taxes
Other Taxes
TVA In Lieu of Taxes
Flood Control Receipts
Excess Fees
Miscellaneous Revenues
Accrued Interest Received

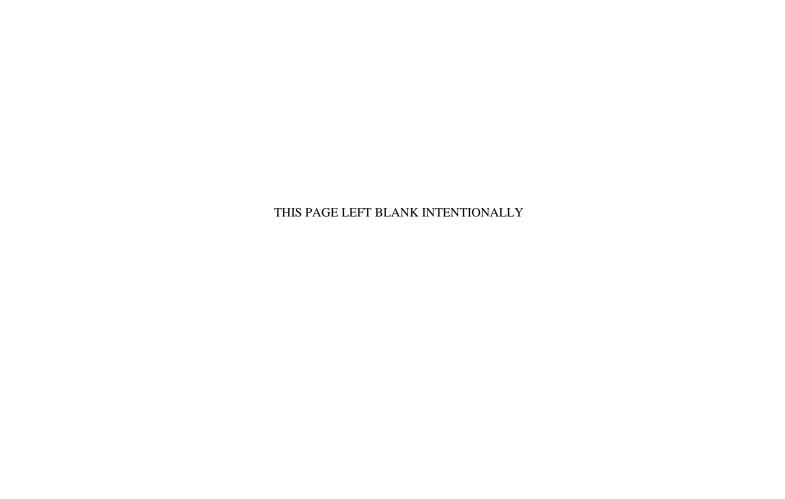
Total General Revenues and Transfers Change in Net Assets Net Assets - Beginning (Restated)

Net Assets - Ending

ADAIR COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government						
Ge	overnmental	Busi	ness-Type			
	Activities	A(tivities		Totals	
\$	(681,269)	\$		\$	(681,269)	
·	(758,660)				(758,660)	
	(65,463)				(65,463)	
	(2,699)				(2,699)	
	(45,716)				(45,716)	
	450,181				450,181	
	437				437	
	(169,006)				(169,006)	
	(466,597)				(466,597)	
	(1,738,792)				(1,738,792)	
			11,170		11,170	
			11,170	_	11,170	
			,			
	(1,738,792)		11,170		(1,727,622)	
	607,004				607,004	
	128,482				128,482	
	97,801				97,801	
	106,846				106,846	
	38,918				38,918	
	8,961				8,961	
	185,326				185,326	
	1,096,299		880		1,097,179	
	2,989		116		3,105	
	2,272,626		996		2,273,622	
	533,834		12,166		546,000	
	12,695,052		49,230		12,744,282	
_		_		_		
\$	13,228,886	\$	61,396	\$	13,290,282	



ADAIR COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

ADAIR COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	(General Fund	Road Fund	Jail Fund	Pr Co	Public roperties rporation astruction Fund
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	610,375	\$ 125,210	\$ 37,553	\$	245,871
Due From Other Funds			 37,038	 		
Total Assets		610,375	 162,248	 37,553		245,871
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITES						
Due To Other Funds		37,038				
Total Liabilities		37,038				
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted For:						
General Health and Sanitation		43,175	50,284			
Debt Service						
Capital Projects						245,871
Assigned To:						
Recreation and Culture		18,277				
Protection to Persons and Property				37,553		
General Health and Sanitation		3,521				
Roads			111,964			
Unassigned		508,364	 	 		
Total Fund Balances		573,337	162,248	37,553		245,871
Total Liabilities and						
Fund Balances	\$	610,375	\$ 162,248	\$ 37,553	\$	245,871

ADAIR COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Public Properties Corporation Bond Fund		Gove	n-Major ernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
\$	203	\$	4,588	\$	1,023,800 37,038
	203		4,588		1,060,838
					37,038 37,038
	203				93,459 203 245,871
			4,588		18,277 42,141 3,521 111,964 508,364
	203		4,588		1,023,800
\$	203	\$	4,588	\$	1,060,838

ADAIR COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets:

Total Fund Balances	\$ 1,023,800
Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities In The Statement	
Of Net Assets Are Different Because:	
Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activities Are Not Financial Resources	
And Therefore Are Not Reported in the Funds.	29,520,081
Accumulated Depreciation	(6,326,004)
Assets Held For Resale	235,148
Long-term debt is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not	
reported in the funds.	
Financing Obligations	(2,159,671)
Bonds	(10,764,468)
Long-term Receivables	 1,700,000
Net Assets Of Governmental Activities	\$ 13,228,886

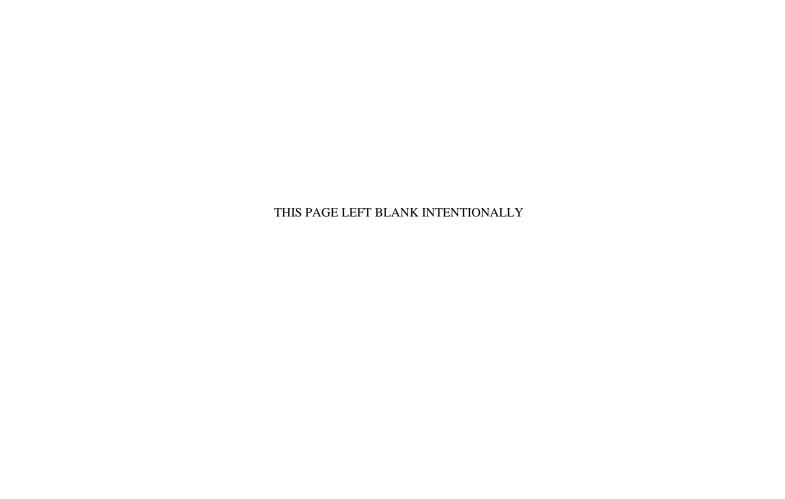
ADAIR COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

ADAIR COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	 General Fund	Road Fund	Jail Fund	Public Properties Corporation Construction Fund
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 938,013	\$	\$	\$
In Lieu Tax Payments	47,879			
Excess Fees	185,326			
Licenses and Permits	35,615			
Intergovernmental	477,668	1,869,757	658,158	15
Charges for Services			91,629	
Miscellaneous	933,096	7,983	73,302	
Interest	2,096	844		
Total Revenues	2,619,693	1,878,584	823,089	15
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	630,797	40,389		
Protection to Persons and Property	61,934	,	959,237	
General Health and Sanitation	211,790	16,700	,	
Social Services	7,510			
Recreation and Culture	43,558			
Roads	96,152	1,653,533		
Airports	7,000			
Other Transportation Facilities	169,006			
Debt Service:				
Principal	514,151	215,404	26,339	
Interest	26,050	5,595	6,507	
Capital Projects				80,749
Administration	 2,692,306	 136,231	260,780	
Total Expenditures	4,460,254	2,067,852	1,252,863	80,749
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other	(1.940.561)	(100.269)	(420.774)	(90.724)
Financing Sources (Uses)	 (1,840,561)	 (189,268)	(429,774)	(80,734)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Capital Assets		223,200		
Short Term Debt Proceeds	400,000			
Financing Obligation Proceeds	1,700,000	200,000		
Transfers From Other Funds	220,435		480,000	
Transfers To Other Funds	 (542,107)	 (160,000)	(60,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 1,778,328	 263,200	420,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(62,233)	73,932	(9,774)	(80,734)
Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated)	 635,570	 88,316	47,327	326,605
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 573,337	\$ 162,248	\$ 37,553	\$ 245,871

ADAIR COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Public Properties Corporation Bond Fund	Non- Major Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
_	_		_	
\$	\$	132,663	\$	1,070,676
				47,879
				185,326
010.460		126 400		35,615
918,469		136,489		4,060,556
		125		91,629
		435 48		1,014,816 2,988
018 460		269,635		6,509,485
918,469		209,033		0,309,463
				671,186
		265,970		1,287,141
				228,490
				7,510
				43,558
				1,749,685
				7,000
				169,006
475,000				1,230,894
441,469				479,621
				80,749
2,000		81,064		3,172,381
918,469		347,034		9,127,221
		(77,399)		(2,617,736)
				222 200
				223,200 400,000
				1,900,000
		62,107		762,542
		(435)		(762,542)
	-	61,672		2,523,200
		(15,727)		(94,536)
<u>203</u>	Φ.	20,315	Φ.	1,118,336
\$ 203	\$	4,588	\$	1,023,800



ADAIR COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

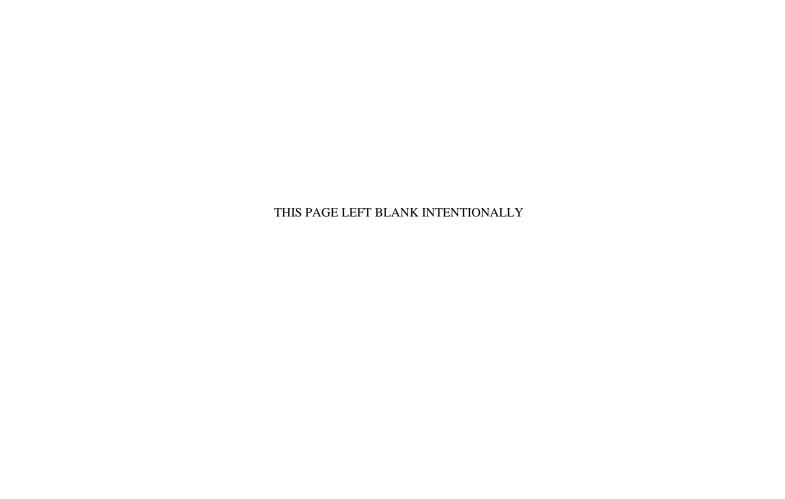
ADAIR COUNTY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities:

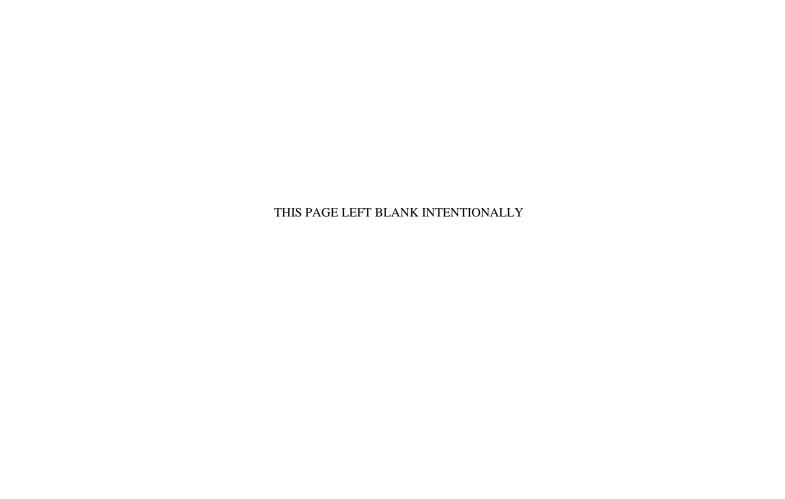
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (94,536)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of	
Activities are different because Governmental Funds report	
•	
capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of	
Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their	
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay	1,102,657
Depreciation Expense	(1,111,708)
Disposal of Asset Held For Resale	(228,622)
Purchase of Asset Held For Resale	235,148
Notes Receivable Loaned in Current Period	1,700,000
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, financing obligations) provides	
current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of principal	
on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of Governmental	
Funds. These transactions, however, have no effect on net assets.	
Financing Obligation Proceeds	(1,900,000)
Financing Obligations Principal Payments	329,556
Bond Principal Payments	 501,339
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 533,834



ADAIR COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

ADAIR COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

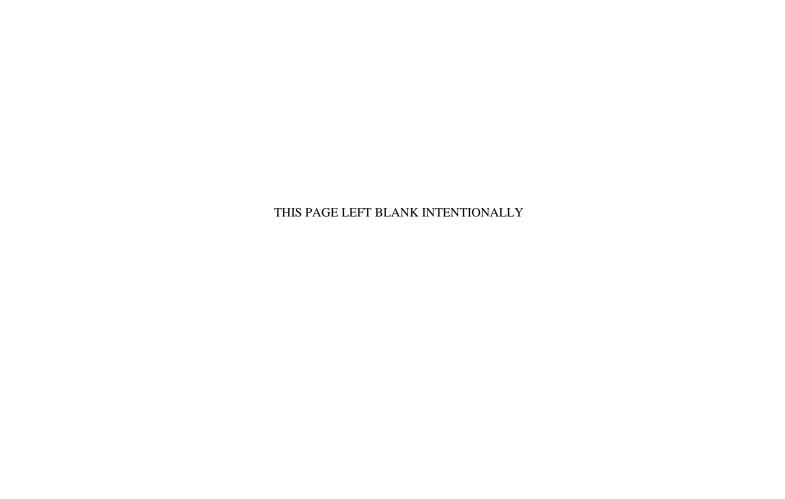
	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Jail Canteen Fund	
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	58,031
Total Current Assets		58,031
Noncurrent Assets:		
Capital Assets:		
Vehicles and Equipment		11,464
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(8,099)
Total Noncurrent Assets		3,365
Total Assets		61,396
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets,		
Net of Related Debt		3,365
Unrestricted		58,031
Total Net Assets	\$	61,396



ADAIR COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

ADAIR COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund
	Jail Canteen Fund
Operating Revenues	
Canteen Receipts	\$ 218,920
Total Operating Revenues	218,920
Operating Expenses	
Cost of Sales	44,072
Educational and Recreational	9,051
Payments For Contracted Personnel	58
Sales Tax	1,492
Depreciation	536
Miscellaneous	1,279
Total Operating Expenses	56,488
Operating Income (Loss)	162,432
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest Income	116
Inmate Pay From State	3,695
Miscellaneous	880
Payment of Monies Collected For Others	(113,510)
Inmate Refunds	(41,447)
Total Nonoperating Revenues	
(Expenses)	(150,266)
Change In Net Assets	12,166
Total Net Assets - Beginning (Restated)	49,230
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$ 61,396



ADAIR COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

${\bf ADAIR\ COUNTY} \\ {\bf STATEMENT\ OF\ CASH\ FLOWS\ -\ PROPRIETARY\ FUND\ -\ MODIFIED\ CASH\ BASIS} \\$

	Ac	iness-Type ctivities - terprise Fund
		Jail Canteen Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Cash Receipts From Customers	\$	218,920
Cash Payments to Vendors For Goods and Services		(44,072)
Cash Payments For Educational and Recreational Goods and Services		(9,051)
Cash Payments For Contracted Personnel		(58)
Cash Payments For Sales Tax		(1,492)
Cash Payments For Miscellaneous		(1,279)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By		
Operating Activities		162,968
Cash Flows From Noncapital		
Financing Activities		
Inmate Pay From State		3,695
Miscellaneous Receipts		880
Payment of Monies Collected For Others		(113,510)
Inmate Refunds on Accounts		(41,447)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By		
Noncapital Financing Activities		(150,382)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Interest Earned		116
Net Cash Provided (Used) By		
Investing Activities		116
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash		
Equivalents		12,702
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2011 (Restated)		45,329
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2012	\$	58,031

ADAIR COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund			
Reconciliation of Operating Income to	Jail			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	Canteen Fund			
reunues				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 162,432			
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating				
Income To Net Cash Provided (Used)				
By Operating Activities				
Depreciation Expense	536_			
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating				
Activities	\$ 162,968			

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ADAIR COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2012

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The county presents its government-wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Notes receivable are recognized on the Statement of Net Assets, but notes receivable are not included and recognized on Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Adair County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. All other component units are discretely presented.

Blended Component Unit

The following legally separate organization provides its services exclusively to the primary government, and the fiscal court is able to impose its will on this organization. This organization's balances and transactions are reported as though they are part of the county's primary government using the blending method.

Adair County Public Properties Corporation

The Adair County Fiscal Court appoints a voting majority of the Public Properties Corporation's (PPC) governing board. In addition the fiscal court is financially accountable and legally obligated for the debt of the PPC. Financial information for the PPC is blended within Adair County's financial statements. All activities of the PPC are accounted for within the governmental funds.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Adair County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Adair County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statements of Adair County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government–wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Fiduciary funds are not included in these financial statements due to the unavailability of fiduciary funds to aid in the support of government programs.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories: 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to sale ninety days following April 15.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

Governmental Funds

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck license distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the General Fund. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Public Properties Corporation Construction Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for funds received from a bond issuance. The funds may be used for completing major public parks land acquisition and development and for the Adair County Justice Center.

Public Properties Corporation Bond Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for debt service requirements of first mortgage revenue bonds of the Adair County Justice Center. The Department of Local Government does not require the fiscal court to report or budget these funds.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

The primary government also has the following non-major funds: Forest Fire Fund and Emergency 911 Fund.

Special Revenue Funds:

The Road Fund, Jail Fund, Forest Fire Fund, and Emergency 911 Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of significant restricted and/or committed revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted or committed for specific purposes.

Capital Projects Fund:

The Public Properties Corporation Construction Fund is presented as a capital projects fund. Capital projects funds are to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and purchase of capital assets.

Debt Service Fund:

The Public Properties Corporation Bond Fund is presented as a debt service fund. Debt service funds are to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the county's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales in the Jail Canteen Fund. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. The government has elected not to adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements on Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989 unless the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) specifically adopts such FASB Statements on Interpretations.

The primary government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Jail Canteen Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit or recreation of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the Jail Canteen Fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	-	italization nreshold	Useful Life (Years)
Land Improvements	\$	12,500	10-60
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	25,000	10-75
Machinery and Equipment	\$	2,500	3-25
Vehicles	\$	2,500	3-25
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	10-50

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into non-spendable and spendable components, if applicable.

Non-spendable includes amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually.

Spendable include the following:

- Restricted-amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Committed-amounts constrained for a specific purpose by the county using its highest level of decision making authority.
- Assigned-for all governmental funds, other than general fund, any remaining positive amounts not
 classified as non-spendable, restricted, or committed. For the general fund, amounts constrained
 by intent to be used for a specified purpose by the County or the delegated county committee or
 official given authority to assign amounts.
- Unassigned-for the general fund, amounts not classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned. For all other governmental funds, amount expended in excess of resources that are non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned.

For resources considered committed, the county issues an ordinance or resolution that can only be changed with another corresponding ordinance or resolution.

For resources considered assigned, the county has designated the County Treasurer to carry out the intent of the fiscal court.

It is the policy of the County to spend restricted resources first, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available to spend on the activity. Once restricted resources are exhausted, then committed, assigned and unassigned resources will be spent in that order on the activity.

Encumbrances, although not reported on the balance sheet, are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Due to the modified cash basis of accounting, encumbrances can also include invoices for goods or services received at June 30, but not yet paid and not included as an accounts payable. Significant encumbrances at year end are reported by major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate and included with the commitments and contingencies note disclosure, if applicable.

I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Budgetary Information (Continued)

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the Jail Canteen Fund to be budgeted because the fiscal court does not approve the expenditures of these funds.

The Public Properties Corporation Construction Fund and the Public Properties Corporation Bond Fund were not budgeted by the treasurer. The bond payments are made by the Administrative Office of the Courts and the Department of Local Government does not require that these funds be budgeted since they are part of a blended component unit.

J. Joint Ventures

A legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual agreement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility is a joint venture. Based upon these criteria, the following is considered a joint venture of the Adair County Fiscal Court: Parks and Recreation Board is a joint venture with the City of Columbia.

Note 2. Deposits

The primary government maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). On August 31, 2011, the government's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk because the bank did not adequately collateralize the government's deposits in accordance with the collateral security agreement.

Uncollateralized and Uninsured

\$123,542

Note 3. Receivables

A. Hospital Loan

On May 4, 2012 Adair County entered into a financing obligation with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) for the purpose of paying off debt of the Adair County Public Hospital District Corporation, Inc. D/B/A Westlake Regional Hospital (the hospital). The principal was \$1,700,000, at variable interest rate for a period of 24 months. One principal payment of \$1,700,000 is due at the end of the lease and interest payments are due monthly. The hospital has agreed to make all of the interest payments and the one time principal payment. The hospital owes \$1,700,000 in principal on the financing obligation as of June 30, 2012.

B. Changes In Receivables

Receivable activity of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Adair County Public					
Hospital District					
Corporation, Inc.	\$	\$ 1,700,000	\$	\$ 1,700,000	\$
Governmental Activities					
Receivables	\$	\$ 1,700,000	\$	\$ 1,700,000	\$

Note 4. Assets Held For Resale

Two dump trucks with an acquisition cost of \$235,148 are included on the Statement of Net Assets under the financial caption Assets Held For Resale. These trucks are not included in capital assets and are not depreciated, as Adair County does not intend to hold the assets beyond one year. In fiscal year 2012, the fiscal court disposed of assets held for resale with a cost of \$228,622.

Note 5. Interfund Transfers

					No	on-Major		
	(General	Road	Jail	Gov	ernmental		Total
		Fund	Fund	Fund		Funds	Tra	insfers In
General Fund	\$		\$ 160,000	\$ 60,000	\$	435	\$	220,435
Jail Fund		480,000						480,000
Non-Major		62,107						62,107
Total Transfers Out	\$	542,107	\$ 160,000	\$ 60,000	\$	435	\$	762,542

Note 6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity								
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance			Increases Decreases			Ending Balance		
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Total Capital Assets Not Being	\$	2,056,096	\$	80,749	\$	\$	2,136,845		
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		2,056,096		80,749			2,136,845		
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and Land Improvements Furniture and Office Equipment Vehicles and Equipment Infrastructure		16,172,071 407,813 1,241,750 8,539,694		186,995 834,913			16,172,071 407,813 1,428,745 9,374,607		
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		26,361,328		1,021,908			27,383,236		
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings and Land Improvements Furniture and Office Equipment Vehicles and Equipment Infrastructure		(1,468,325) (270,506) (638,395) (2,837,070)		(253,494) (23,423) (112,278) (722,514)			(1,721,819) (293,929) (750,673) (3,559,584)		
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(5,214,296)		(1,111,709)			(6,326,005)		
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net Governmental Activities Capital		21,147,032		(89,801)			21,057,231		
Assets, Net	\$	23,203,128	\$	(9,052)	\$ 0	\$	23,194,076		

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Government	\$	260,614
Protection to Persons and Property		29,491
General Health and Sanitation		14,297
Recreation and Culture		3,168
Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets		804,139
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$_1	1,111,709

Note 6. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital asset activity for Business-Type Activities for the year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

Business-Type Activities:	Beginning Balance		Inc	creases	Decreases	Ending Balance		
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Vehicles and Equipment	\$	11,464	\$		\$	\$	11,464	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		11,464					11,464	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Vehicles and Equipment		(7,563)		(536)			(8,099)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(7,563)		(536)			(8,099)	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		3,901		(536)			3,365	
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	3,901	\$	(536)	\$ 0	\$	3,365	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Business-Type Activities as follows:

Business-Type Activities	
Jail Canteen	\$ 536
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 536

Note 7. Short Term Debt

Hospital Loan

On September 9, 2011, the Adair County fiscal court borrowed \$400,000 on a short term note from a local bank at an interest rate of two and one half percent (2.5%). The balance of the note was due on December 14, 2011. These funds were loaned by the county to the Westlake Regional Hospital for operating expenses. On November 4, 2011, the hospital repaid the principal balance of \$400,000 plus interest of \$1,556 to the county. The county then paid the note off on November 9, 2011.

Changes In Short-term Liabilities

	Beginning Balance		A	dditions	Re	eductions	Endir Balan	·	Due V One	Within Year
Governmental Activities: Note Payable	\$		\$	400,000	\$	400,000	\$		\$	
Governmental Activities Short-term Liabilities	\$	0	\$	400,000	\$	400,000	\$	0	\$	0

Note 8. Long-term Debt

A. Refunding Bonds – Jail Facility Construction

The Kentucky Local Correctional Facilities Construction Authority (KLCFCA), an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, issues bonds for the purpose of construction and reconstruction of jail facilities. The Authority issued \$1,911,376 of revenue bonds at various interest rates, of which the county agreed to pay \$486,577 and a proportional share of interest. In October 2004, the KLCFCA refunded these revenue bonds. As a result, the County entered into a second agreement on October 1, 2004 with KLCFCA in order to provide for the reduction of the County's rental payments due under the original agreement. On September 29, 2004, these bonds were refunded in the amount of \$243,950 at an interest rate of 6.34%. As of June 30, 2012, the remaining principal outstanding was \$89,468. Future principal and interest requirements are:

	Governmental Activities			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal Interest			
June 30	TillCipal			iterest
2013	\$	28,009	\$	4,784
2014		29,785		2,952
2015		31,674		1,004
Totals	\$	89,468	\$	8,740

B. Courthouse Annex Building

In January 1992, Adair County entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program (KACoLT) to finance the purchase of land and the construction of a courthouse annex building. The agreement required payments to be made monthly until January 2012. As of June 30, 2012, the principal balance was paid in full.

C. Road Paving

In October 2001, Adair County entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program (KACoLT) to finance a road-paving project. The lease required monthly payments to be paid until November 20, 2011. As of June 30, 2012, the principal balance was paid in full.

D. Grader

In May 2007, Adair County entered into an agreement with Kentucky Association Of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) for financing to purchase a grader. As of June 30, 2012, the principal balance was paid in full.

E. Land

In February 2008, Adair County entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association Of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) to finance the purchase of land. The principal was \$70,000, at an interest rate of 4.363% for a period of 120 months. Interest and principal payments are due monthly. The principal outstanding as of June 30, 2012 was \$43,280. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Note 8. Long-term Debt (Continued)

E. Land (Continued)

		Governmental Activities			
Fiscal Year Ended					
June 30	P	rincipal	Ir	nterest	
2103	\$	6,902	\$	1,795	
2014		7,201		1,519	
2015		7,513		1,231	
2016		7,838		930	
2017		8,178		618	
2018		5,648		231	
	'	_	'		
Totals	\$	43,280	\$	6,324	

F. First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2007

The Adair County Public Properties Corporation (PPC), an agency and instrumentality of the Adair County Fiscal Court, issued the First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 for the purposes of acquisition, construction, installation, and equipping of the Adair County Courthouse Facility. On December 27, 2007, \$12,470,000 in bonds was issued at various interest rates. Since these bonds were issued at a discount of \$208,564 net proceeds were \$12,261,436. The PPC has entered into an agreement to lease the Adair County Courthouse Facility to the Fiscal Court for the amount of the bond payments. The Fiscal Court has a sublease with the Administrative Office of the Courts, Commonwealth of Kentucky, for approximately 100% of the Adair County Courthouse Facility. Principal and interest payments are due annually. As of June 30, 2012, the principal balance was \$10,675,000. Future debt service requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ended	Governmental Activities			
June 30	F	Principal		Interest
2013	\$	490,000	\$	424,581
2014		505,000		406,538
2015		525,000		387,225
2016		545,000		367,162
2017		570,000		345,544
2018-2022		3,205,000		1,360,619
2023-2027		3,940,000		634,294
2028		895,000		19,578
				<u> </u>
Totals	\$ 1	0,675,000	\$	3,945,541

Note 8. Long-term Debt (Continued)

G. Rescue Land

In February 2010, Adair County entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association Of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) to finance the purchase of land to be used for the Rescue Squad. The principal was \$75,000, at a variable interest rate for a period of 60 months. Interest payments are due monthly and principal payments are due annually. The principal outstanding as of June 30, 2012 was \$47,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

		Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Р	rincipal	Iı	nterest		
2013 2014 2015	\$	15,000 16,000 16,000	\$	1,957 1,303 530		
Totals	\$	47,000	\$	3,790		

H. Mac Trucks

In April 2011, Adair County entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association Of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) to finance the purchase of dump trucks. The principal was \$200,000, at a variable interest rate for a period of 36 months. Principal payments were required annually and interest payments were due monthly. As of June 30, 2012, the principal balance was paid in full.

I. Christian Life Center

In May 2011, Adair County entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association Of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) to finance the purchase of land to be used for the Christian Life Center. The principal was \$150,000, at a variable interest rate for a period of 120 months. Principal and interest payments are due monthly. The principal outstanding as of June 30, 2012 was \$135,391. Future principal and interest requirements are:

		Governmental Activities			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	E	Principal	Ţ	nterest	
June 30		тистрат		interest	
2013	\$	13,856	\$	5,874	
2014		14,174		5,237	
2015		14,500		4,585	
2016		14,828		3,929	
2017		15,174		3,237	
2018 - 2021		62,859		5,812	
Totals	\$	135,391	\$	28,674	

Note 8. Long-term Debt (Continued)

J. Sheriff's Vehicles

In July 2010, Adair County entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association Of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) to finance the purchase of sheriff vehicles. The principal was \$60,000, at a variable interest rate for a period of 40 months. Principal payments are required annually and interest payments are due monthly. The principal outstanding as of June 30, 2012 was \$34,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

		Governmental Activities			
Fiscal Year Ended					
June 30	Principal		Interest		
2013	\$	17,000	\$	615	
2014		17,000		182	
		_			
Totals	\$	34,000	\$	797	

K. Mac Trucks

In May 2012, Adair County entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association Of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) to finance the purchase of dump trucks. The principal was \$200,000, at a variable interest rate for a period of 18 months. One principal payment is due at the end of the lease and interest payments are due monthly. The principal outstanding as of June 30, 2012 was \$200,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

	Govern	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal	I	nterest			
2013 2014	\$ 200,0	\$	9,227 3,868			
Totals	\$ 200,0		13,095			

L. Hospital Equipment

On December 21, 2011, Adair County entered into a written agreement with Adair County Public Hospital District Corporation, Inc. D/B/A Westlake Regional Hospital (the hospital). In accordance with the agreement, the hospital entered into a short term loan with a local lending institution to borrow \$1,700,000 to purchase an IT system for electronic medical records and for hospital operations. As a part of the agreement, Adair County agreed to later enter into a lease agreement in the amount of \$1,700,000 to pay off the loan. The hospital is to repay the principal, interest, and all costs associated with said lease.

On May 4, 2012 Adair County entered in an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) to pay off the hospital's loan. The principal was \$1,700,000, at variable interest rate for a period of 24 months. One principal payment of \$1,700,000 is due at the end of the lease and interest payments are due monthly. The principal outstanding as of June 30, 2012 was \$1,700,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Note 8. Long-term Debt (Continued)

K. Hospital Equipment (Continued)

	Governmental Activities			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal		Inte	rest & Fees
2013 2014	\$	1,700,000	\$	78,426 71,765
Totals	\$	1,700,000	\$	150,191

L. Changes In Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
Revenue Bonds	\$ 11,265,807	\$	\$ 501,339	\$10,764,468	\$ 518,009
Financing Obligations	589,227	1,900,000	329,556	2,159,671	52,758
Governmental Activities					
Long-term Liabilities	\$11,855,034	\$ 1,900,000	\$ 830,895	\$12,924,139	\$ 570,767

Note 9. Interest On Long-term Debt and Financing Obligations

Debt Service on the Statement of Activities includes \$30,074 in interest on financing obligations, \$447,976 in interest on bonds and notes, \$1,556 in interest on short term debt and \$14 in late fees on financing obligations.

Note 10. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 18.96 percent.

Note 10. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. Hazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 9 percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: 8% will go to the member's account and 1% will go to the KRS insurance fund. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 35.76 percent.

The county's contribution for FY 2010 was \$357,323, FY 2011 was \$420,471, and FY 2012 was \$429,774.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 must meet the rule of 87 (members age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55. For hazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 aspects of benefits include retirement after 25 years of service or the member is age 60, with a minimum of 60 months of service credit.

CERS also provides post retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

		% Paid by Member through
Years of Service	% paid by Insurance Fund	Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount.

Hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn fifteen dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. Upon the death of a hazardous employee, such employee's spouse receives ten dollars per month for insurance benefits for each year of the deceased employee's hazardous service. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 11. Deferred Compensation

On January 8, 2002, the Adair County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate.

These deferred compensation plans permits all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 101 Sea Hero Road, Suite 110, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

Note 12. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, Adair County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 13. Subsequent Events

A. Dump Trucks

On April 15, 2013, the Adair County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$200,000 with the Kentucky Association of Counties Least Trust for the purchase of two Mac Dump Trucks. Terms of the agreement require monthly interest payments for 18 months with the principal balance due on October 20, 2014.

B. Hospital Loan

On August 23, 2012, the Adair County Fiscal Court borrowed a total of \$1,500,000 from two local banks. These funds were loaned to the Adair County Public Hospital District Corporation, Incorporated, D/B/A Westlake Regional Hospital (the hospital) for the payment of debts of the hospital and hospital operating expenses. The principal balance plus accrued interest was repaid to Adair County by the hospital on November 30, 2012 and the county paid the bank loans in full on December 11, 2012.

C. Hospital Bankruptcy

On July 31, 2013, the Adair County Public Hospital District Corporation, Incorporated, D/B/A Westlake Regional Hospital (the hospital) filed a petition for bankruptcy under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code. As of that date the hospital owed the fiscal court the principal amount of \$1,700,000 plus future applicable interest (See Note 8. L.)

Note 14. Related Party Transactions

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the fiscal court paid a total of \$16,606 to Columbia Tire & Recap. Columbia Tire and Recap was owned by the County Judge/Executive's father who is now deceased.

Note 15. Prior Period Adjustments

The beginning net asset balance for governmental funds was increased by \$28,622 to reflect the correct amounts paid for Mac Trucks that were purchased in the prior year and held for resale. The beginning net asset balance and beginning cash balance for the jail commissary fund and business-type activities were increased by \$48 due to prior year outstanding checks being voided. The beginning fund balance for the general fund increased by \$58,445 and the beginning fund balance for non-major funds decreased by \$58,445 due to the LGEA fund being combined with the General Fund in the fiscal year 2012 due to GASB 54 presentation requirements. The LGEA fund was presented as a non-major fund in fiscal year 2011.



ADAIR COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Supplementary Information

June 30, 2012

ADAIR COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Supplementary Information

June 30, 2012

	Forest Fire Fund	Emergency 911 Fund		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
ASSETS	•				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	\$	4,588	\$	4,588
Total Assets			4,588		4,588
FUND BALANCES					
Assigned To:					
Protection to Persons and Property			4,588		4,588
Total Fund Balances	\$	\$	4,588	\$	4,588

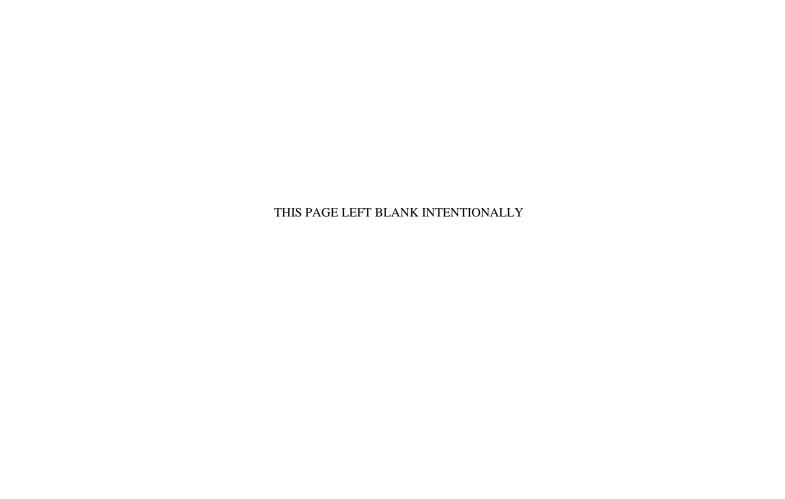


ADAIR COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Supplementary Information

ADAIR COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Supplementary Information

						Total
	Forest Fire Fund		Emergency 911 Fund		Non-Major Governmental Funds	
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	2,015	\$	130,648	\$	132,663
Intergovernmental				136,489		136,489
Miscellaneous				435		435
Interest				48		48
Total Revenues		2,015		267,620		269,635
EXPENDITURES						
Protection to Persons and Property		2,250		263,720		265,970
Administration				81,064		81,064
Total Expenditures		2,250		344,784		347,034
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures Before Other						
Financing Sources (Uses)		(235)		(77,164)		(77,399)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers From Other Funds		215		61,892		62,107
Transfers To Other Funds				(435)		(435)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		215		61,457		61,672
Net Change in Fund Balances		(20)		(15,707)		(15,727)
Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated)		20		20,295		20,315
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	4,588	\$	4,588



ADAIR COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON INFORMATION Other Information - Modified Cash Basis

ADAIR COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON INFORMATION Other Information - Modified Cash Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

	GENERAL FUND							
		Budgeted	Am			Actual Amounts, Budgetary	Fin:	ance with al Budget Positive
REVENUES		Original		Final		Basis)	<u>(N</u>	egative)
Taxes	\$	872,000	\$	955,581	\$	938,013	\$	(17,568)
In Lieu Tax Payments	Ψ	23,000	Ψ	23,961	Ψ	8,961	Ψ	(15,000)
Excess Fees		163,528		185,326		185,326		(12,000)
Licenses and Permits		32,650		43,644		43,644		
Intergovernmental Revenue		186,320		291,713		287,639		(4,074)
Miscellaneous		356,300		915,395		919,923		4,528
Interest		2,300		2,699		1,716		(983)
Total Revenues		1,636,098		2,418,319		2,385,222		(33,097)
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		600,105		676,585		604,288		72,297
Protection to Persons and Property		31,200		59,768		57,189		2,579
General Health and Sanitation		43,912		102,195		93,483		8,712
Social Services		1,000		1,000		,		1,000
Recreation and Culture		7,600		7,600		6,255		1,345
Other Transportation Facilities		120,000		169,006		169,006		
Debt Service		97,500		909,574		909,574		
Administration		553,413		2,473,829		2,244,932		228,897
Total Expenditures		1,454,730		4,399,557		4,084,727		314,830
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)		181,368		(1,981,238)		(1,699,505)		281,733
Thraneing Sources (Oses)	-	101,500		(1,961,236)		(1,099,303)		201,733
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Financing Obligation Proceeds				2,100,000		2,100,000		
Transfers From Other Funds		204,607		204,607		258,918		54,311
Transfers To Other Funds		(835,975)		(835,975)		(646,455)		189,520
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(631,368)		1,468,632		1,712,463		243,831
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(450,000)		(512,606)		12,958		525,564
Fund Balance - Beginning		450,000		512,606		512,606		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	525,564	\$	525,564

ADAIR COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON INFORMATION Other Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

			ROA	D FU	ND		
	 Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Fii	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 1,363,961	\$	1,877,316	\$	1,832,719	\$	(44,597)
Charges for Services	194,000		223,200		223,200		
Miscellaneous	4,500		46,466		46,901		435
Interest	 2,000		2,000		844		(1,156)
Total Revenues	 1,564,461		2,148,982		2,103,664		(45,318)
EXPENDITURES							
General Government	41,200		41,200		40,389		811
General Health and Sanitation	30,000		30,000		16,700		13,300
Roads	1,142,850		1,650,107		1,418,385		231,722
Debt Service	219,700		221,094		220,999		95
Administration	155,850		245,036		136,231		108,805
Total Expenditures	1,589,600		2,187,437		1,832,704		354,733
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other							
Financing Sources (Uses)	 (25,139)		(38,455)		270,960		309,415
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers From Other Funds	129,746		129,746				(129,746)
Transfers To Other Funds	 (179,607)		(179,607)		(198,918)		(19,311)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(49,861)		(49,861)		(198,918)		(149,057)
Net Changes in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning	 (75,000) 75,000		(88,316) 88,316		72,042 88,316		160,358
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	160,358	\$	160,358

ADAIR COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON INFORMATION Other Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

	JAIL FUND							
		Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final	A (B	Actual mounts, audgetary Basis)	Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive (egative)
REVENUES		Original		Tillal		Dasis)	(1)	legative)
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	702,384	\$	757,068	\$	658,158	\$	(98,910)
Charges for Services		108,500		136,345		91,629		(44,716)
Miscellaneous		60,100		73,848		73,302		(546)
Total Revenues		870,984		967,261		823,089		(144,172)
EXPENDITURES								
Protection to Persons and Property		966,321		1,035,659		959,237		76,422
Debt Service		32,847		32,847		32,846		1
Administration		292,250		366,516		260,780		105,736
Total Expenditures		1,291,418		1,435,022		1,252,863		182,159
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(420,434)		(467,761)		(429,774)		37,987
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds		420,434		420,434		420,000		(434)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		420,434		420,434		420,000		(434)
Net Changes in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning				(47,327) 47,327		(9,774) 47,327		37,553
	_		_		_			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	37,553	\$	37,553

ADAIR COUNTY NOTES TO OTHER INFORMATION

June 30, 2012

Note 1. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Note 2. Reconciliation of Budgetary Comparison Information To Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes In Fund Balances – Governmental Funds-Modified Cash Basis

Following is a summary of adjustments that convert the cash basis budgetary comparison information to the modified cash basis of accounting in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances:

General Fund

Total Revenues-Budgetary Basis	\$ 2,385,222
To adjust for LŒA Fund Revenues	200,834
To adjust for Parks & Recreation Fund Revenues	13,009
To adjust for Green River Animal Shelter Fund Revenues	18,748
To adjust for Road Fund money deposited to General Fund in error	(37,038)
To adjust for General Fund money deposited to Road Fund in error	 38,918
Total Revenues-Modified Cash Basis	\$ 2,619,693
Total Expenditures-Budgetary Basis	\$ 4,084,727
To adjust for LŒA Fund Expenditures	196,266
To adjust for Parks & Recreation Fund Expenditures	57,831
To adjust for Green River Animal Shelter Fund Expenditures	 121,430
Total Expenditures-Modified Cash Basis	\$ 4,460,254
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses-Budgetary Basis	\$ 1,712,463
To adjust for Green River Animal Shelter Fund Transfers In	435
To eliminate transfers to Green River Animal Shelter Fund	116,240
To adjust for deposit error posted as Transfer In	(38,918)
To adjust for transfers out of Green River Animal Shelter Fund	 (11,892)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses-Modified Cash Basis	\$ 1,778,328

ADAIR COUNTY NOTES TO OTHER INFORMATION June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 2. Reconciliation of Budgetary Comparison Information To Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes In Fund Balances – Governmental Funds-Modified Cash Basis (Continued)

General Fund (Continued)

Total Fund Balance-Beginning-Budgetary Basis To adjust for LGEA Fund Beginning Balance To adjust for Parks & Recreation Fund Beginning Balance To adjust for Green River Animal Shelter Fund Beginning Balance	\$ 512,606 58,445 63,099 1,420
Total Fund Balance-Beginning-Modified Cash Basis	\$ 635,570
Total Fund Balance-Ending-Budgetary Basis To adjust for LŒA Fund Ending Balance To adjust for Parks & Recreation Fund Ending Balance To adjust for Green River Animal Shelter Fund Ending Balance To adjust for amount due to Road Fund	\$ 525,564 63,013 18,277 3,521 (37,038)
Total Fund Balance-Ending-Modified Cash Basis	\$ 573,337
Road Fund	
Total Revenues-Budgetary Basis To adjust for Sale of Assets Held For Resale reclassified to Other Financing Resources To adjust for Road Fund money deposited to General Fund in error To adjust for General Fund money deposited to Road Fund in error	\$ 2,103,664 (223,200) 37,038 (38,918)
Total Revenues-Modified Cash Basis	\$ 1,878,584
Total Expenditures-Budgetary Basis To adjust for purchase of assets held for resale not posted	 1,832,704 235,148
Total Expenditures-Modified Cash Basis	\$ 2,067,852
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses-Budgetary Basis To adjust for deposit error posted as Transfer Out To adjust for Sale of Assets Held For Resale reclassified to Other Financing Resources To adjust for Financing Obligation Proceeds not posted	\$ (198,918) 38,918 223,200 200,000
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses-Modified Cash Basis	\$ 263,200

ADAIR COUNTY NOTES TO OTHER INFORMATION June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 2. Reconciliation of Budgetary Comparison Information To Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes In Fund Balances – Governmental Funds-Modified Cash Basis (Continued)

Road Fund (Continued)

Total Fund Balance-Ending-Budgetary Basis To adjust for Financing Obligation Proceeds not posted To adjust for purchase of assets held for resale not posted To adjust for amount Due From General Fund	\$ 160,358 200,000 (235,148) 37,038
Total Fund Balance-Ending-Modified Cash Basis	\$ 162,248
Jail Fund	
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses-Budgetary Basis To adjust for Transfer Out posted as a negative Transfer In To adjust for Transfer Out not posted	\$ 420,000 60,000 (60,000)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses-Modified Cash Basis	\$ 420,000

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



ADAM H. EDELEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Ann Melton, Adair County Judge/Executive Members of the Adair County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Adair County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated July 24, 2013. Adair County presents its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Adair County Fiscal Court is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Adair County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Adair County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Adair County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying comments and recommendations, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying comments and recommendations as item 2012-04 to be a material weakness.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Adair County's financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and which are described in the accompanying comments and recommendations as items 2012-01, 2012-02, and 2012-03.

The Adair County Judge/Executive's and the County Jailer's responses to the findings identified in our audit are included in the accompanying comments and recommendations. We did not audit the County Judge/Executive and County Jailer's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the entity, and the Department for Local Government, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Adam H. Edelen

Auditor of Public Accounts

July 24, 2013

ADAIR COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

ADAIR COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

2012-01 The Fiscal Court Should Prepare An Accurate Federal Monies Worksheet

The County did not prepare an accurate Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 in accordance with OMB Circular A-133. During fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, a single audit was required if federal expenditures exceeded \$500,000. OMB Circular A-133 Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, Section 310(B) requires the auditee to prepare a schedule of expenditures of federal awards covered by the auditee's financial statements. At a minimum, the schedule should include the following, if applicable.

- A listing of individual Federal programs by Federal agency.
- For Federal awards received as a subrecipient, the name of the pass-through entity and identifying number assigned by the pass-through entity shall be included.
- Provide total Federal awards expended for each individual Federal program and the Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) number or other identifying number when the CFDA information is not available.
- Includes notes that describe the significant accounting policies used in preparing the schedule.
- To the extent practical, pass-through entities should identify in the schedule the total amount provided to subrecipients from each Federal program.
- Include, in either the schedule or a note to the schedule, the value of the Federal awards expended in the form of non-cash assistance, the amount of insurance in effect during the year, and loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year-end. While not required, it is preferable to present this information in the schedule.

Due to a lack of adequate segregation of duties, auditors were not provided an accurate federal monies worksheet. Not complying with this increases the risk of possibly misstating the county's financial statements.

We recommend that the County ensure that a complete and accurate Federal Monies Worksheet is prepared.

County Judge/Executive Ann Melton's Response: No Response.

County Treasurer Barry Corbin's Response: I understood it was only to be completed if was \$500,000 or more.

2012-02 The Jailer Did Not Properly Maintain Accounting Records In The Manner Required By The State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 the jailer maintained three different bank accounts for the commissary fund. These included the original jail commissary account; a revolving account which was used to account for money's collected for others from July 1, 2011 through December 16, 2011, and an account that was opened in November 2011 to facilitate the use of an outside commissary service. Receipts and disbursements journals were not maintained for the revolving account and although computerized records were maintained for the outside commissary service account, the jailer and his bookkeeper did not have a sufficient understanding of the system to print out detailed receipts and disbursements ledgers for the auditor's use.

ADAIR COUNTY
COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012
(Continued)

STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS (Continued)

2012-02 The Jailer Did Not Properly Maintain Accounting Records In The Manner Required By The State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual (Continued)

We noted there are numerous outstanding checks over six months old. The jailer did not prepare daily cash checkout sheets for any of the funds collected during the fiscal year and deposits were not made daily. In addition, cash refunds totaling \$2,352 were made to inmates.

Pursuant to KRS 68.210, the State Local Finance Officer has prescribed minimum accounting and reporting standards which are to be used by county jailers for jail commissary funds maintained pursuant to KRS 441.135. These include the following:

DAILY CHECK-OUT SHEET - Daily deposits are required. At the end of each business day the Jailer or assigned personnel should separate individual receipts into categories listed on the check- out sheet. The total of each category should be entered on the appropriate space provided. The amount deposited line should equal the amount of money on hand at the end of each day less start-up cash. A maximum of fifty dollars shall be used for start-up for the next business day. All daily detail (deposit form, cash receipts, etc.) should be attached to the form. If the total daily deposit is correct, post to the Jail Commissary Fund Receipts Journal.

JAIL COMMISSARY RECEIPTS JOURNAL - Receipts should be posted to this journal on a daily basis. The total amount category should agree with the amount deposited line on the Daily Check-Out Sheet.

JAIL COMMISSARY DISBURSEMENTS JOURNAL - Each check written must be posted to the proper category listed on the form. Checks should be issued for all expenditures made.

JAIL COMMISSARY SUMMARY AND RECONCILIATION - The year to date summary section of this report will provide a cash balance at anytime during the fiscal year. Information for this section is obtained from totaled categories from the receipt and disbursement journals. A monthly cash balance shall be maintained. The Reconciliation section of this report reconciles the bank balance to the cash balance. Monthly cash reconciliations shall be maintained. This report may be used for the year-end report submitted to county treasurer pursuant to KRS 441.135 (2).

We recommend the jailer comply with the guidelines prescribed by the State Local Finance Officer by maintaining at least the required minimum records. Daily cash checkout sheets should be prepared and deposits should be made intact daily and all refunds to inmates should be made by check. In addition we recommend the Jailer obtain an adequate understanding of the computerized system used for the outside commissary service in order to prepare monthly and annual reports that comply with these minimum requirements. We further recommend checks outstanding over six months be voided and reviewed in order to determine whether they should be reissued.

ADAIR COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS (Continued)

2012-02 The Jailer Did Not Properly Maintain Accounting Records In The Manner Required By The State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual (Continued)

County Jailer Rick Wilson's Response: During the audit year FY 11/12 we experienced the transition from a manual process to an electronic moneyless system which uses kiosks. This was implemented because of recommendations of the prior year audit. We phased out the revolving account after Swanson Services was started in November 2011. The Swanson Company assured us that the most up to date accounting practices are in line with acceptable accounting practices. Receipts are received by telephone, internet, and via public use kiosk in our lobby of the jail. The funds from the kiosk in the lobby are unloaded usually one time per week by a representative of the Swanson Company. The knowledge of certain detailed reports exceeded our ability but the reports requested were provided to the auditor in a timely manner after consulting a Swanson Services Manager.

Due to a change in KRS 441.137 which became effective 7/12/12 concerning the proper procedure to void checks older than 6 months old we did not have a clear understanding of the proper procedure to close out these outstanding checks. From this point these will be properly handled.

We will work with the Swanson Company to comply with the required records and expertise in producing these reports.

2012-03 The Jailer Did Not Issue Pre-Numbered Receipts In Accordance With KRS 68.840

For the period of July 1, 2011 through November 30, 2011, the Jailer did not issue pre-numbered three part receipts forms as required by KRS 68.840. During this time period, the jailer issued two part receipts which were not pre-numbered. After November 30, 2011 the Jailer started using a computer system which generates receipts in numerical sequence. This system will print as many copies of the receipts as requested. However the jailer did not print out copies of the receipts issued and attach them to a daily cash check-out sheet or deposit record as required.

We recommend the jailer comply with KRS 68.840 by printing three copies of each pre-numbered receipt. One should be given to the payor, one should be attached in sequential order to a daily cash checkout sheet or deposit record and one copy kept on file. All voided receipts should be so marked and copies one and two kept in order with the cash check- out sheet and the third kept on file.

County Jailer Rick Wilson's Response: These receipts were to be scheduled to implement after the existing supply of duplicate receipts were exhausted. During this time we contracted with Swanson Services which provided an unlimited number of receipts produced electronically if needed. Now when we complete the daily cash check-out sheet we will attach the receipt to the log. Provide one receipt to the payor and keep one in the computer data file.

ADAIR COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Continued)

INTERNAL CONTROL - MATERIAL WEAKNESS

2012-04 The Fiscal Court Should Improve Internal Control Procedures Over Receipts And Disbursements

As a result of our audit, we noted a lack of segregation of duties exists over the following accounting functions: receipts, collection and processing, recording-keeping, disbursement processing, report preparation, and reconciliations. Adequate segregation of duties would prevent the same person from having a significant role in these incompatible functions.

The County Treasurer prepares and deposits the receipts, posts to the ledger and prepares reports from these ledgers for submission to the Department for Local Government (DLG), and performs the bank reconciliations. The Finance Officer prepares a listing of bills for Fiscal Court's approval, posts to the ledger, and prepares the checks. The County Judge and County Treasurer sign the checks without evidence of a comparison to the invoices.

Due to the lack of an adequate segregation of duties we noted several instances where receipts and disbursements were posted to incorrect account codes. We have prepared a schedule of proposed audit adjustments for review.

Also due to the lack of an adequate segregation of duties, we noted that at various times during the fiscal year the General Fund, Jail Fund, 911 Fund, and GRAS Fund all had negative cash balances.

On October 28, 2011 the General Fund was overdrawn by \$26,533. On June 11, 2012 the Jail Fund was overdrawn by \$22,391, and on September 2, 2011 and June 18, 2012 the 911 Fund and the GRAS Fund were overdrawn by \$5,035 and \$219 respectively. These overdrafts could potentially result in overdraft charges from the bank which would not be an efficient use of taxpayer dollars.

To adequately protect employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions and to protect the fiscal court against inaccurate financial reporting, we recommend the fiscal court separate the duties in preparing and depositing receipts, recording transactions, preparing reports, and reconciling bank accounts. If any of these duties cannot be segregated due to a limited staff or budget, strong oversight should be provided over the employee responsible. The employee providing the oversight should document this.

We also recommend the County Treasurer and County Judge/Executive, prior to signing the checks; compare them against the original invoices. Additionally, we recommend the ledgers maintained by the county treasurer and finance officer be reconciled monthly with documentation of the reconciliation noted.

County Judge/Executive Ann Melton's Response: No Response.

County Treasurer Barry Corbin's Response: Difficult to do fully do to limited staff.

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

ADAIR COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

ADAIR COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

The Adair County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

County Judge/Executive

County Treasurer